

# Transport from gravitational Chern-Simons: Theme and Variation



Karl Landsteiner  
Instituto de Física Teórica UAM-CSIC



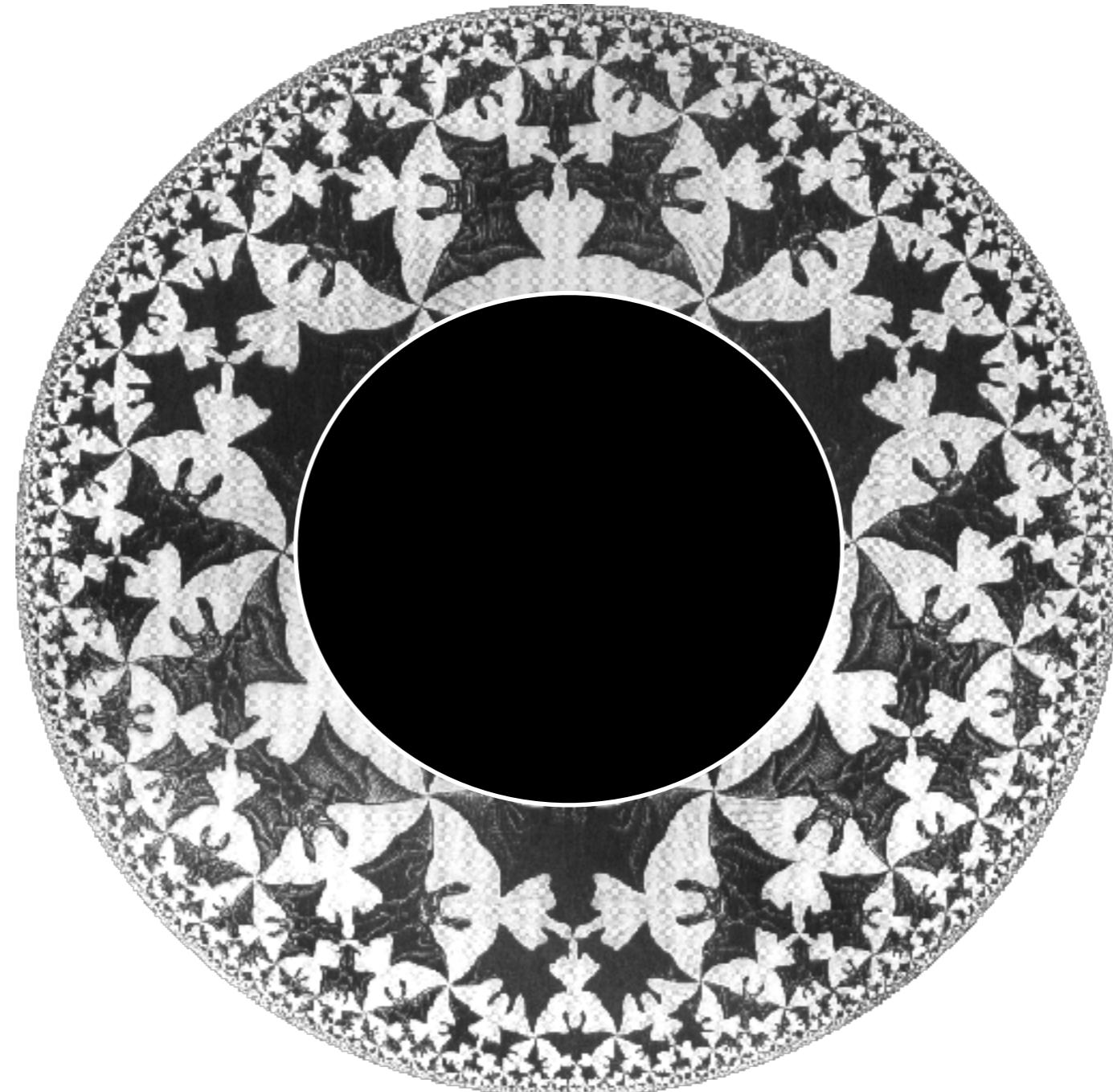
Gauge/Gravity, Würzburg, 29-07-2018

# Outline

- Anomalous Transport
- 3 Examples
  - Translation breaking
  - Quenching the CME
  - Odd viscosity
- Outlook

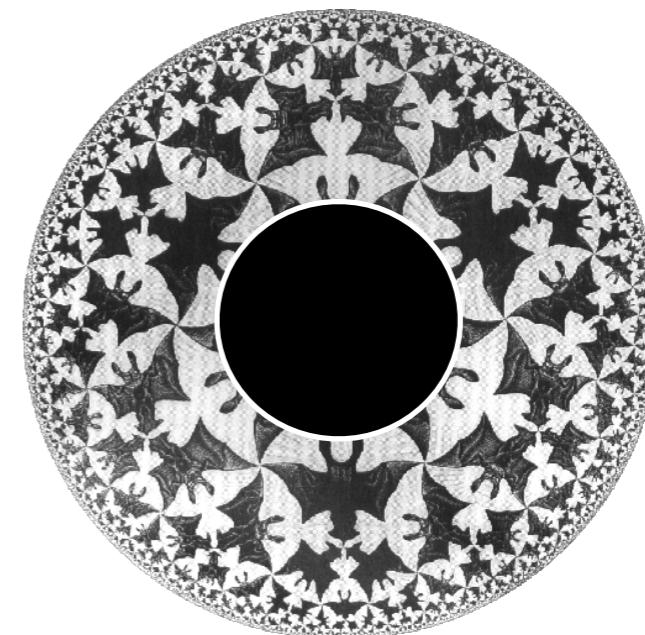
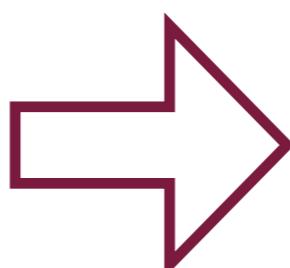
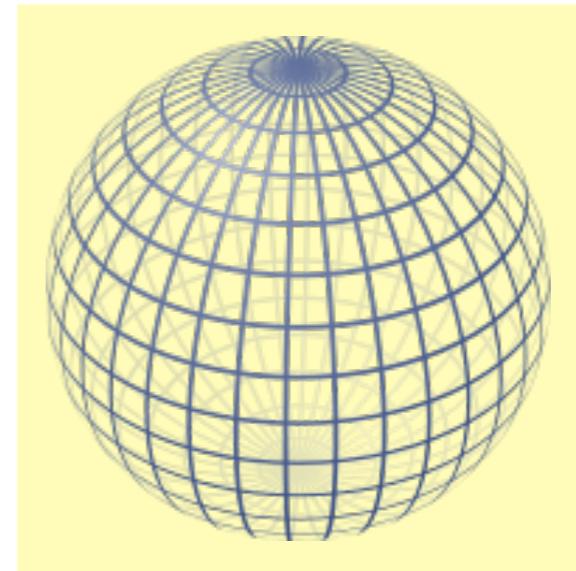
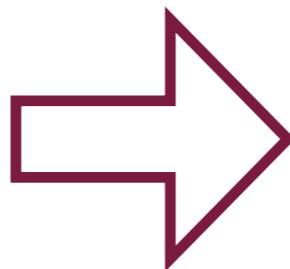
# Holography:

$$ds^2 = r^2(-f(r)dt^2 + d\vec{x}^2) + \frac{dr^2}{f(r)r^2}$$



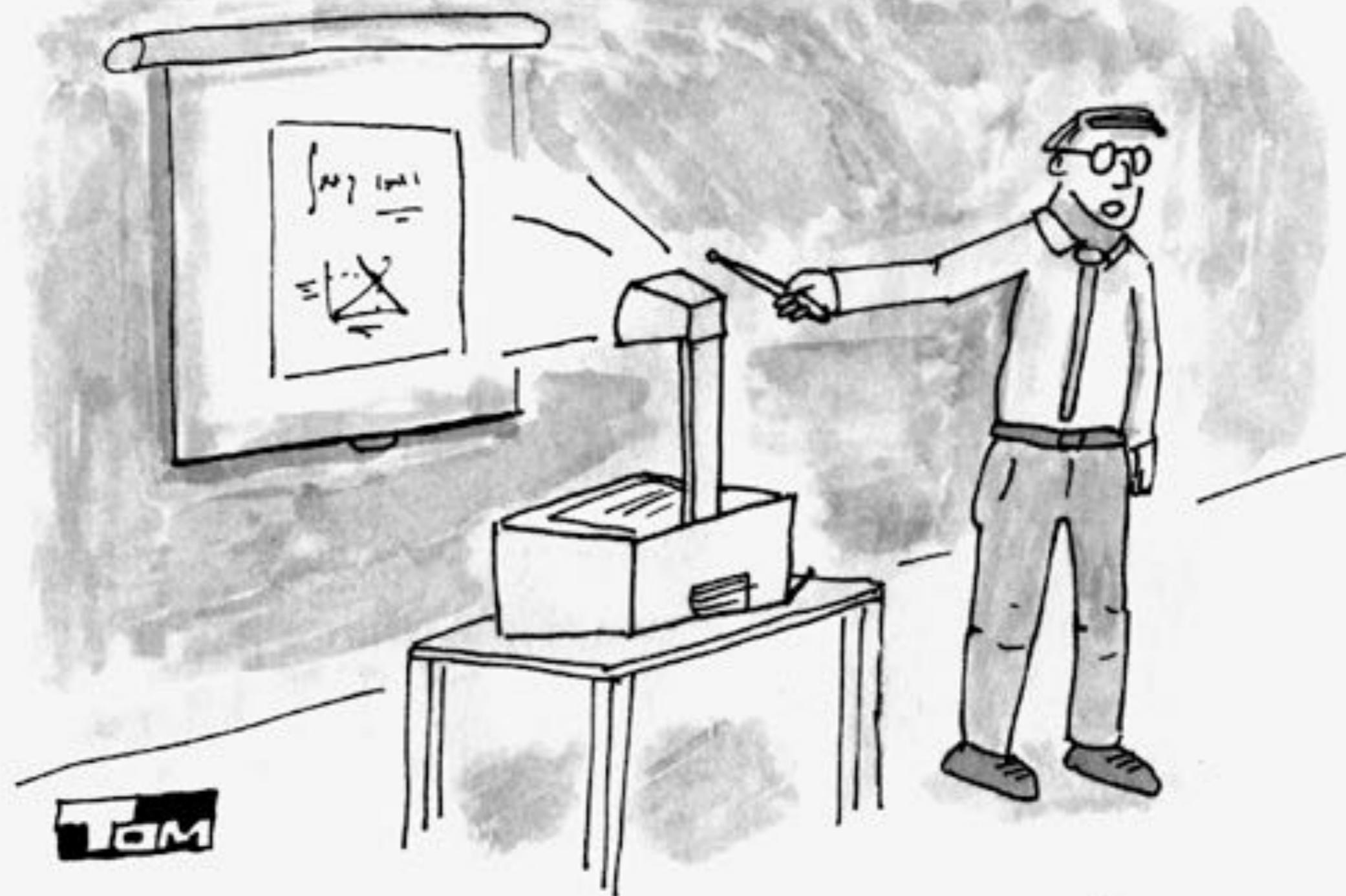
[Maldacena] [Witten] [Gubser, Klebanov, Polyakov]

# AdS = spherical (hyperbolic) cow of sQGP



$$\frac{\eta}{s} = \frac{1}{4\pi}$$

[Policastro, Son, Starinets]  
[Kovtun, Son, Starinets]

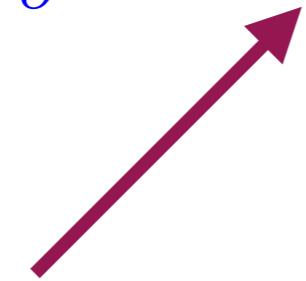


ACTUALLY, THAT ASSUMPTION ISN'T REALLY  
NECESSARY. WE CAN SEE HERE THAT THE  
POINT-COW APPROXIMATION WORKS EQUIVALLY WELL.

# Anomalous Transport

$$S_{\text{CS}} = \int \left( \frac{\kappa}{3} A \wedge F \wedge F + \lambda A \wedge \text{tr}(R \wedge R) \right)$$

$$\delta S_{\text{CS}} = \int_{\partial} \theta \left( \frac{\kappa}{3} F \wedge F + \lambda \text{tr}(R \wedge R) \right)$$



Chiral anomaly



“Gravitational”  
Chiral anomaly

# Anomalous Transport

$$\vec{J} = 8\kappa\mu\vec{B} + (4\kappa\mu^2 + 32\pi^2\lambda T^2) 2\vec{\omega}$$

$$\vec{J}_\epsilon = (4\kappa\mu^2 + 32\pi^2\lambda T^2) \vec{B} + \left( \frac{4}{3}\kappa\mu^3 + 32\pi^2\lambda\mu T^2 \right) 2\vec{\omega}$$

- Chiral Magnetic Effect
- Chiral Vortical Effect
- Chemical Potential “ $\kappa$ “ chiral anomaly
- Temperature “ $\lambda$ “, grav. Anomaly

[Banerjee, Bhattacharya, Bhattacharyya, Dutta, Loganayagam, Surowka]  
[Erdmenger, Haack, Kaminski, Yarom], [Megias, Melgar, K.L., Pena-Benitez]

# Gravitational anomaly

- Objection: 4-th order in derivatives, too high

$$D_\mu J^\mu = \frac{1}{768\pi^2} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\lambda} R^\alpha{}_{\beta\mu\nu} R^\beta{}_{\alpha\rho\lambda}$$

- BUT: AdS has 5-th dimension

$$\int d^5x A \wedge \text{tr}(R \wedge R) = \int d^5x A \wedge \text{tr}\left(R^{(4)} \wedge R^{(4)} + A \wedge D(K \wedge DK)\right)$$

- Is there even in flat space
- Vanishes at the boundary
- Picks up a contribution from the horizon
- Suggest “low energy anomaly”
- even in flat space, 2 space time derivatives

$$K_{ij} \approx \frac{\partial}{\partial r} g_{ij}$$

$$\partial_\mu J^\mu = D(K \wedge DK)$$

- BUT:  $K$  is covariant tensor w.r.t. to 4-dim spacetime

# Quantum Currents from 5D

- At the black hole horizon

$$ds^2 = r^2 f(r) (-dt^2 + \cancel{2\vec{A}d\vec{x}dt}) + r^2 d\vec{x}^2 + \frac{dr^2}{r^2 f(r)}$$

$$D(K \wedge DK) \propto f'(r_h)^2 \frac{\partial \vec{A}}{\partial t} (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A})$$

- Following Hawking  $D(K \wedge DK) \propto 64\pi^2 T^2 \vec{E}_g \cdot \vec{B}_g$

- Current  $J^\mu = \sqrt{-g} F^{\mu r} - \frac{\lambda}{2\pi G} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\lambda} K_\nu^\sigma D_\rho K_{\lambda\sigma}$

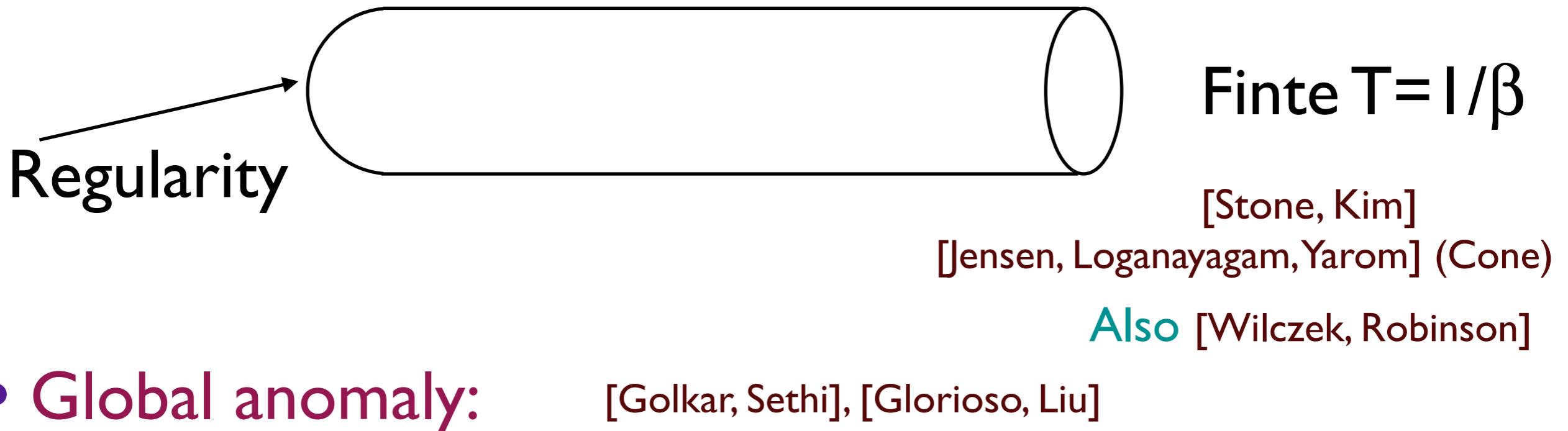
- Luttinger  $\vec{E}_g = -\frac{\vec{\nabla}T}{T} \quad \vec{B}_g = \nabla \times \vec{v}$  [POSTER  $\rightarrow$  C. Copetti]

$$\vec{J} = 64\pi^2 \lambda T^2 \vec{\omega}$$

Chiral Vortical Effect

# Comments

- Black hole horizon
- **Without AdS**
- Holographic RG flow
- Without Holography: couple to black hole
- BH does RG flow for you
- Boundary condition: no outgoing current at horizon



# Translation breaking

- In Holography “linear axion” background (massless scalar)

$$S = \int d^5x \sqrt{-g} (|\partial\phi|^2) \quad , \quad \phi \approx kx + \dots$$

- Background breaks translations eoms are homogeneous
- Graviton has mass

$$T^{0i} = T^{i0}$$

- Charge (Momentum) = Current (Energy-current)

1. Intuition: Momentum density, broken symmetry
2. Intuition: Energy current is dissipationless

# Translation breaking

- Can extrinsic curvature term be seen in UV?

$$ds^2 = -fr^2dt^2 + \frac{dr^2}{r^2f} + r^2d\vec{x}^2$$
$$f = 1 - \frac{k^2}{r^2} - \left(1 - \frac{k^2}{4}\right)\frac{r_H^4}{r^4}$$

Unusual power!

- Extrinsic curvature as additional variable

$$\delta S_{on-shell} = \int_{\partial} \sqrt{-g} (t^{\mu\nu} \delta g_{\mu\nu} + u^{\mu\nu} \delta K_{\mu\nu})$$

- Energy momentum tensor (Ward identity)

$$\Theta^{\mu\nu} = t^{\mu\nu} + u^{\mu\lambda} K_{\lambda}^{\nu}$$

- New term is due to gravitational Chern-Simons term

# Symmetry breaking - II

- CME and CVE without new term

$$J^i = (4\kappa\mu^2 + 32\pi^2\lambda T^2) 2\Omega^i$$

$$T^{0i} = (4\kappa\mu^2 + 32\pi^2\lambda T^2 - 4\lambda k^2) B^i$$

- Impossible in unitary theory
- CVE = 2 CME for energy current by Kubo formulas

- Including the new term

$$T^{0i} = (4\kappa\mu^2 + 32\pi^2\lambda T^2) B^i$$

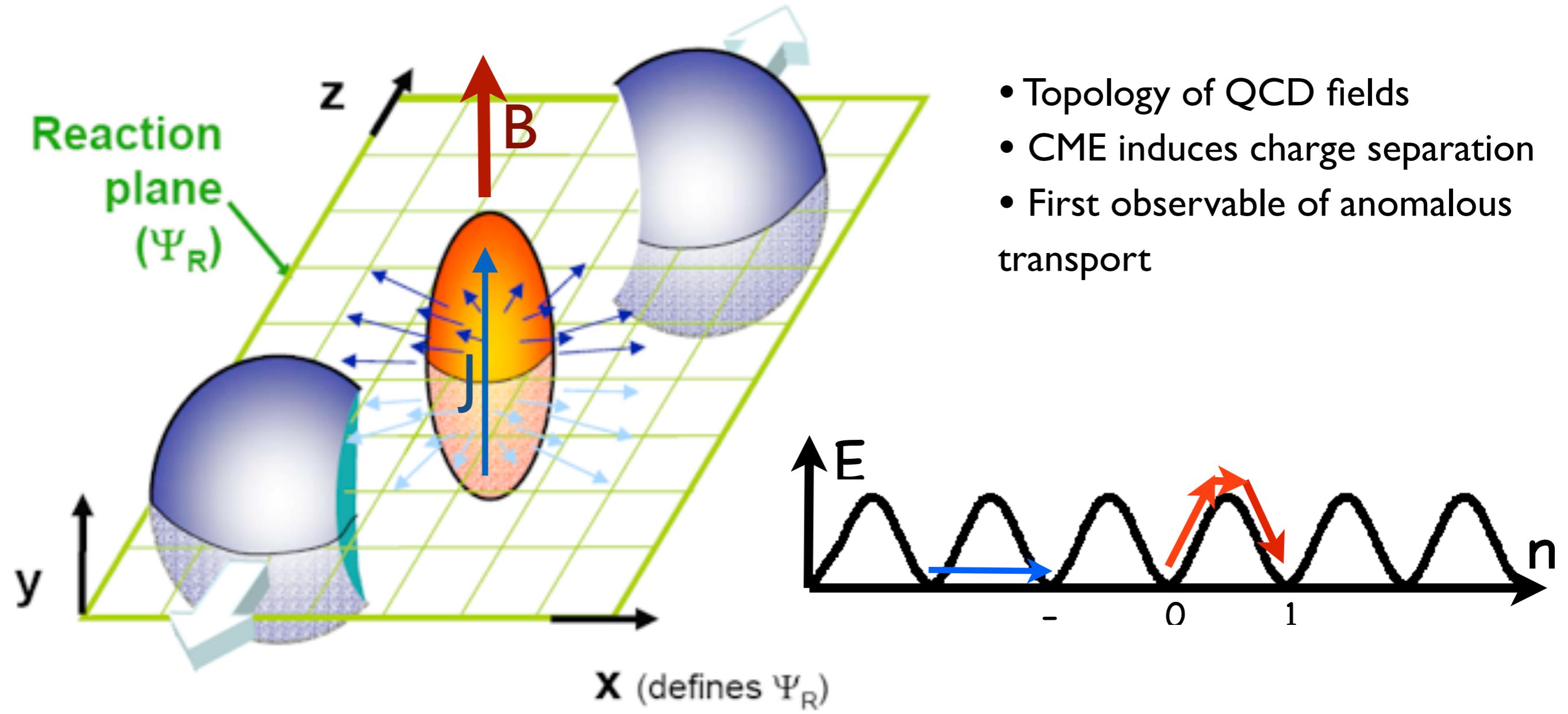
- All is well!
- Energy current being dissipation wins!



# CME

- Aug. 2008: "*The Chiral Magnetic Effect*" [Fukushima, Kharzeev, Warringa]

$$\vec{J} = \frac{\mu_5}{2\pi^2} \vec{B}$$



# Quenching the CME

[E. Lopez, G. Milans del Bosch, K.L.]

- CME and CVE depend on equilibrium quantities  $T, \mu$
- Natural question: anomaly induced transport **far** from equilibrium physics
  - Possible importance for Heavy Ion Collisions (magnetic field has already decayed in hydrodynamic regime)
  - Holography allows both: study fast time evolution, quenches and anomalous transport
  - Study CME via gravitational Chern-Simons term

# What to look for

- “Minimal” setup: inject energy
- Equilibrium: energy — temperature  $T_0 \rightarrow T$
- CME in energy-momentum tensor
- First near equilibrium = hydro

$$T_{\mu\nu} = (\epsilon + p)u_\mu u_\nu + p\eta_{\mu\nu} + \hat{\sigma}_B(u_\mu B_\nu + u_\nu B_\mu),$$

$$J_\mu = \rho u_\mu + \sigma_B B_\mu,$$

$$J_\mu^X = \rho_X u_\mu + \sigma_{B,X} B_\mu$$

- Landau frame

$$\hat{\sigma}_B = 0$$

$$\sigma_B = 24\alpha\mu - \frac{\rho}{\epsilon + p} (12\alpha\mu^2 + 32\lambda\pi^2 T^2)$$

$$\sigma_{B,X} = -\frac{\rho_X}{\epsilon + p} (12\alpha\mu^2 + 32\lambda\pi^2 T^2)$$

# What to look for

- Energy current = Momentum density

$$T_{0i} = T_{i0}$$

- Momentum density = conserved charge

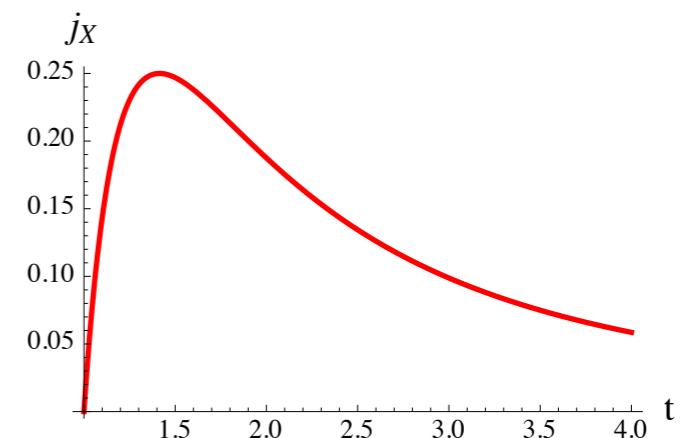
$$32\lambda\pi^2 T_0^2 \vec{B} = (\epsilon + p) \vec{v}$$

- Monitor response in tracer  $U(I)$  current

$$\vec{J}_X = 32 \frac{\rho_X}{\epsilon + p} (T_0^2 - T^2) \pi^2 \lambda \vec{B}$$

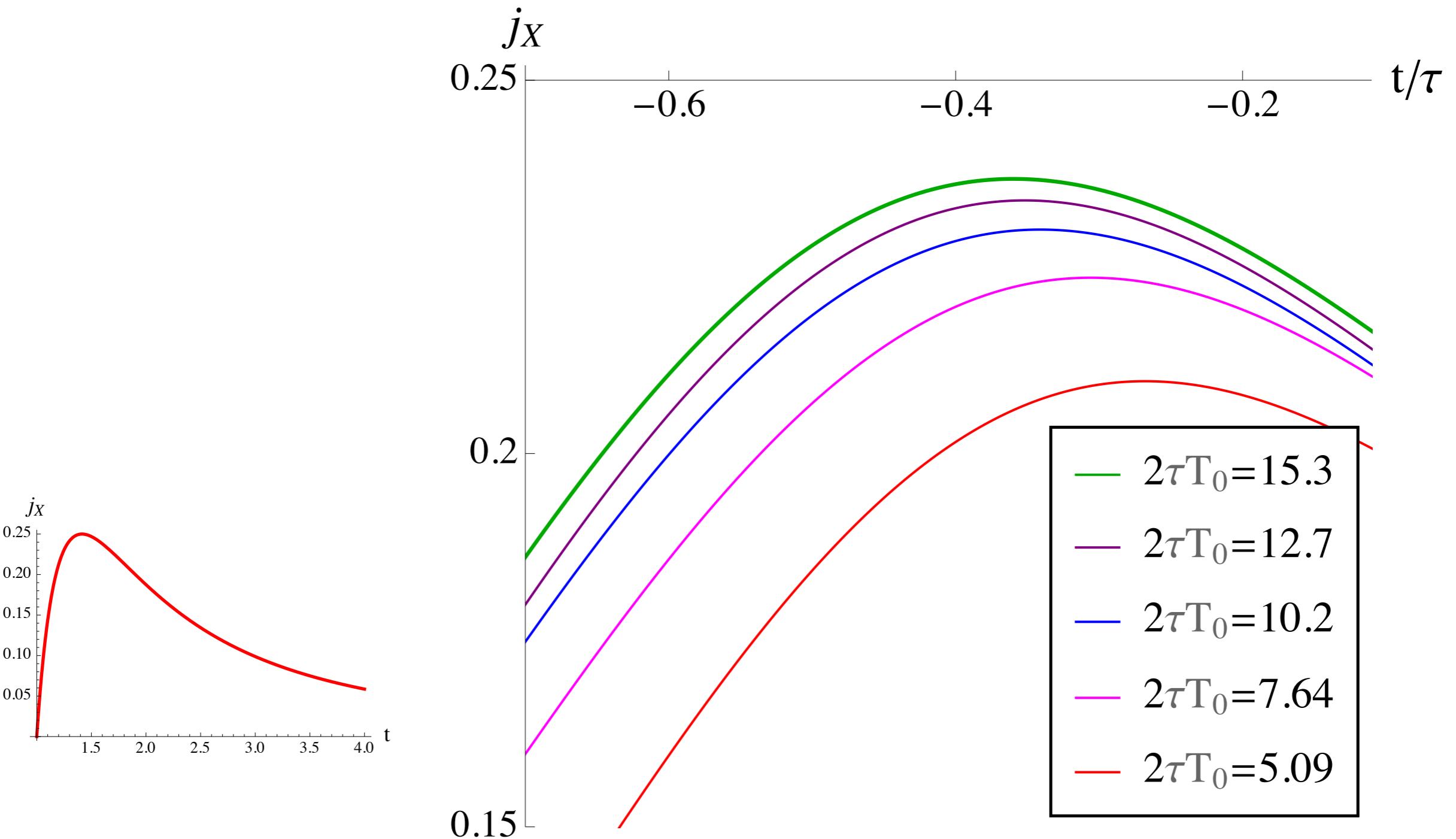
- Removing constants: benchmark near equilibrium curve

$$j_X = \frac{T^2/T_0^2 - 1}{T^4/T_0^4}$$



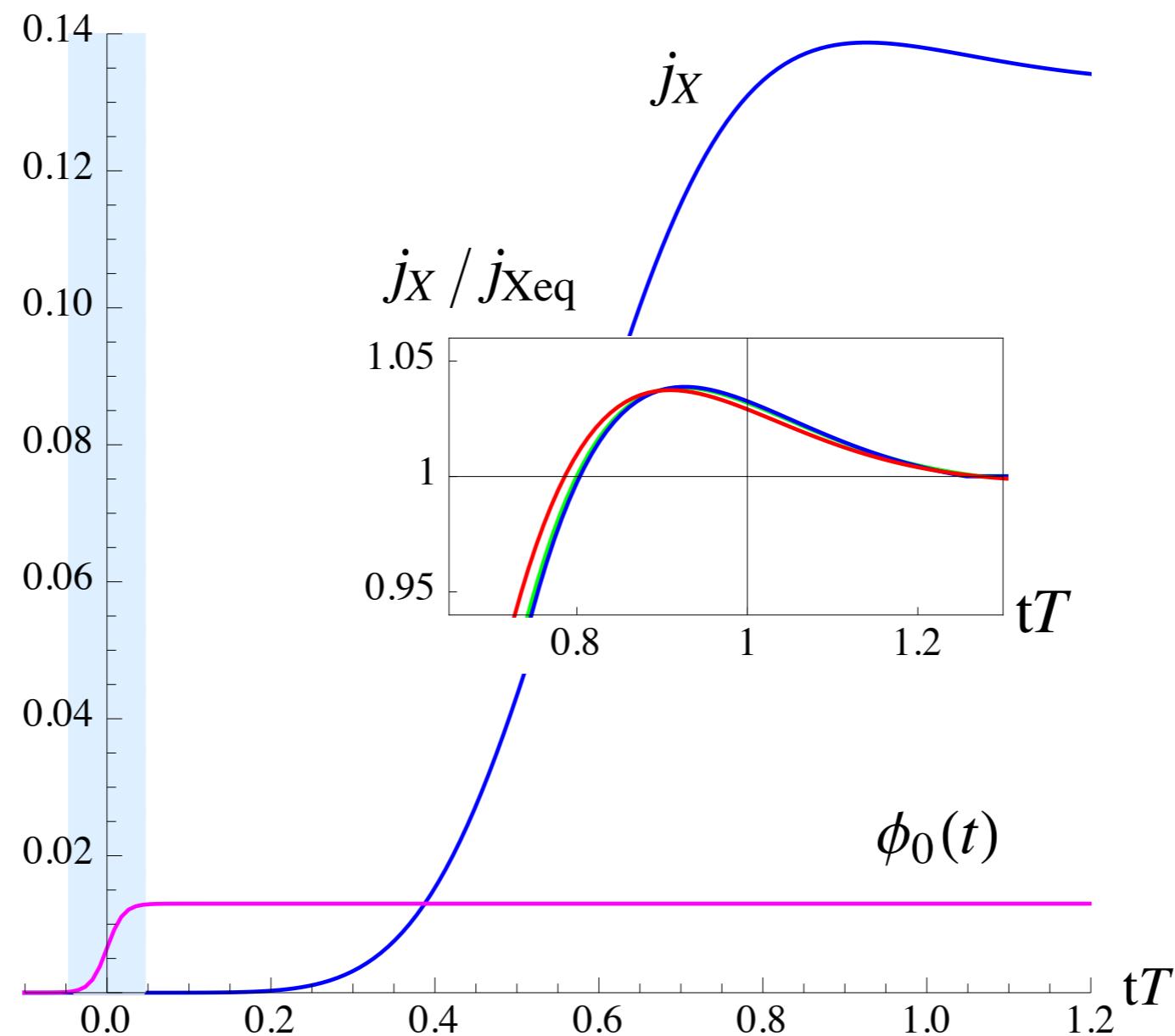
# Holographic quench

- Very slow quenches



# Holographic quench

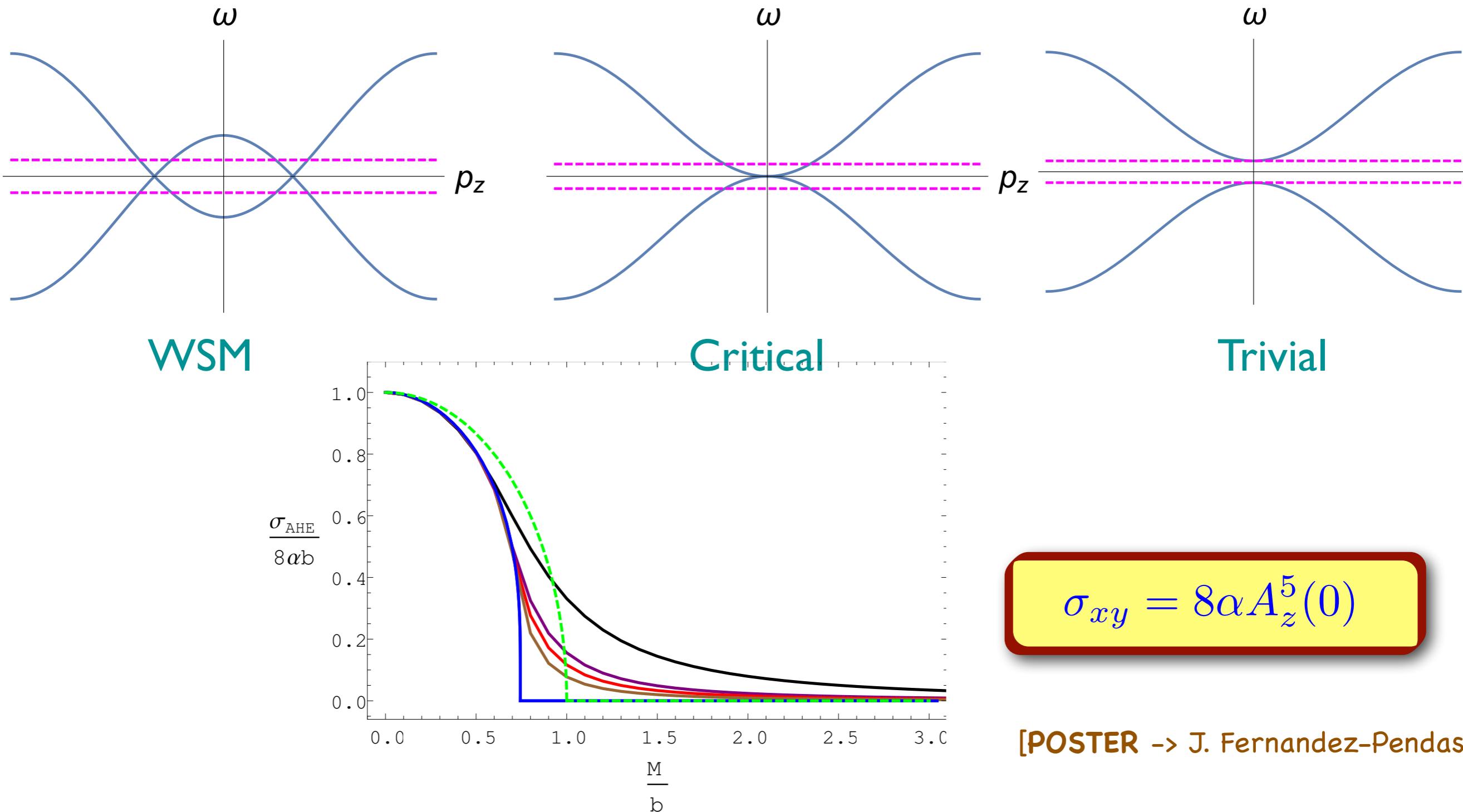
- Fast quenches       $2\tau T < 1$



# Holography for Weyl Semi-Metals

- Holographic model for quantum phase transition

[K.L., Liu, Sun]



# Odd viscosity

- Hall viscosity in 2D Quantum Hall states [Avron, Seiler, Zograf]
- Time reversal breaking necessary
- 2D : invariant  $\epsilon$  tensor
- 3D: need some anisotropy

$$\tau_{xy} = \eta_{\perp} V_{xy} - \eta_{\perp}^H (V_{xx} - V_{yy})$$

$$\tau_{xz} = \eta_{\parallel} V_{xz} + \eta_{\parallel}^H V_{yz}$$

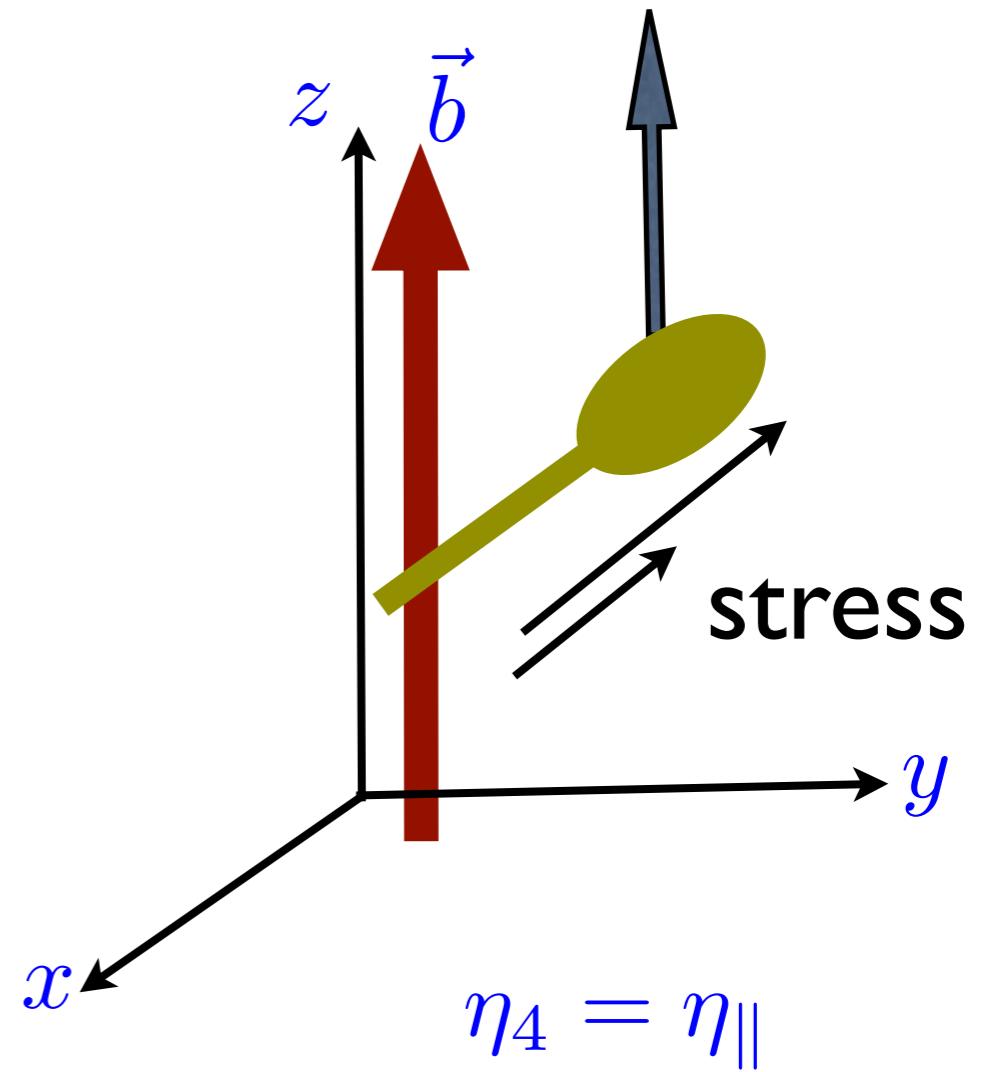
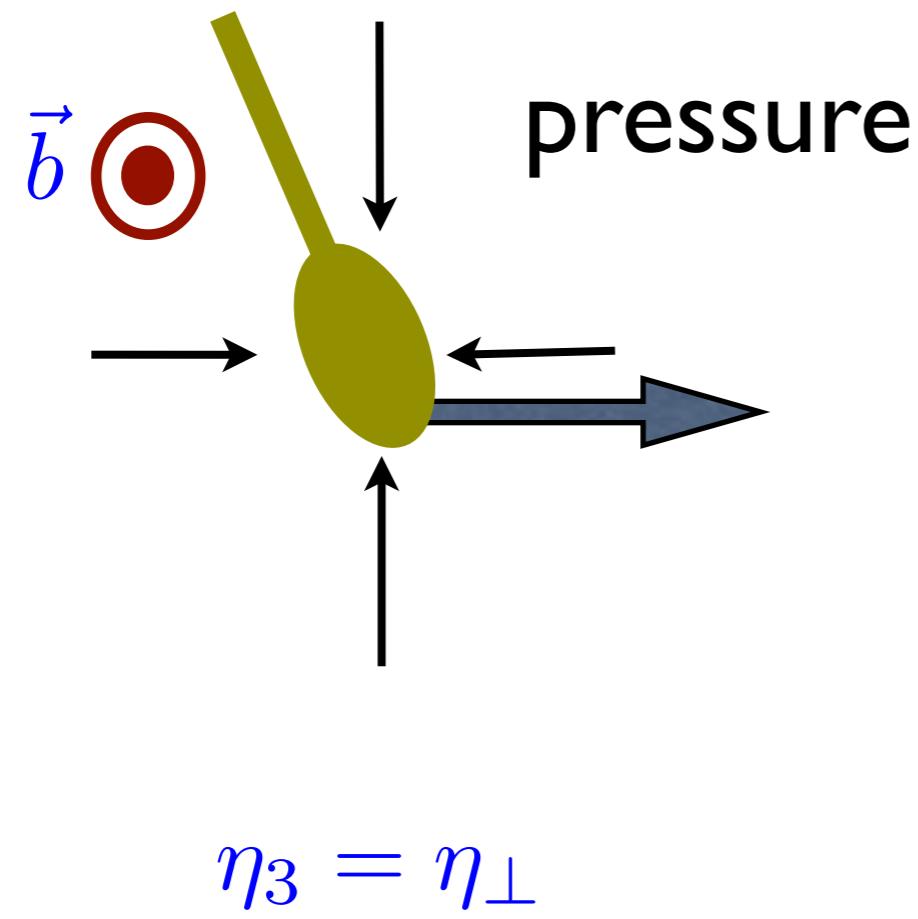
$$\tau_{yz} = \eta_{\parallel} V_{yz} - \eta_{\parallel}^H V_{xz}$$

[Landau, Lifshitz Vol. 10]

$$V_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (\partial_i v_j + \partial_j v_i)$$

- In total: 3 shear, 2 “bulk” and 2 odd viscosities

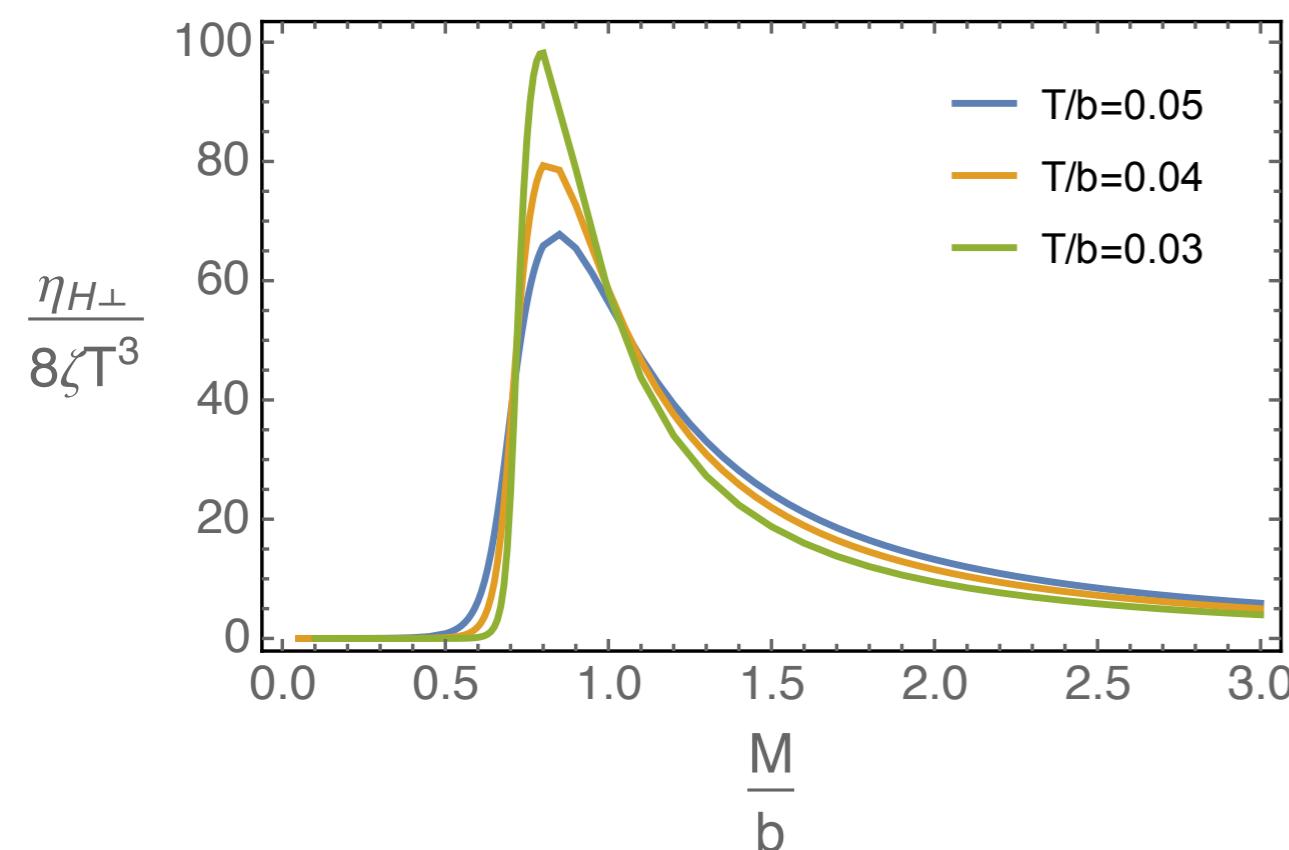
# Odd viscosity



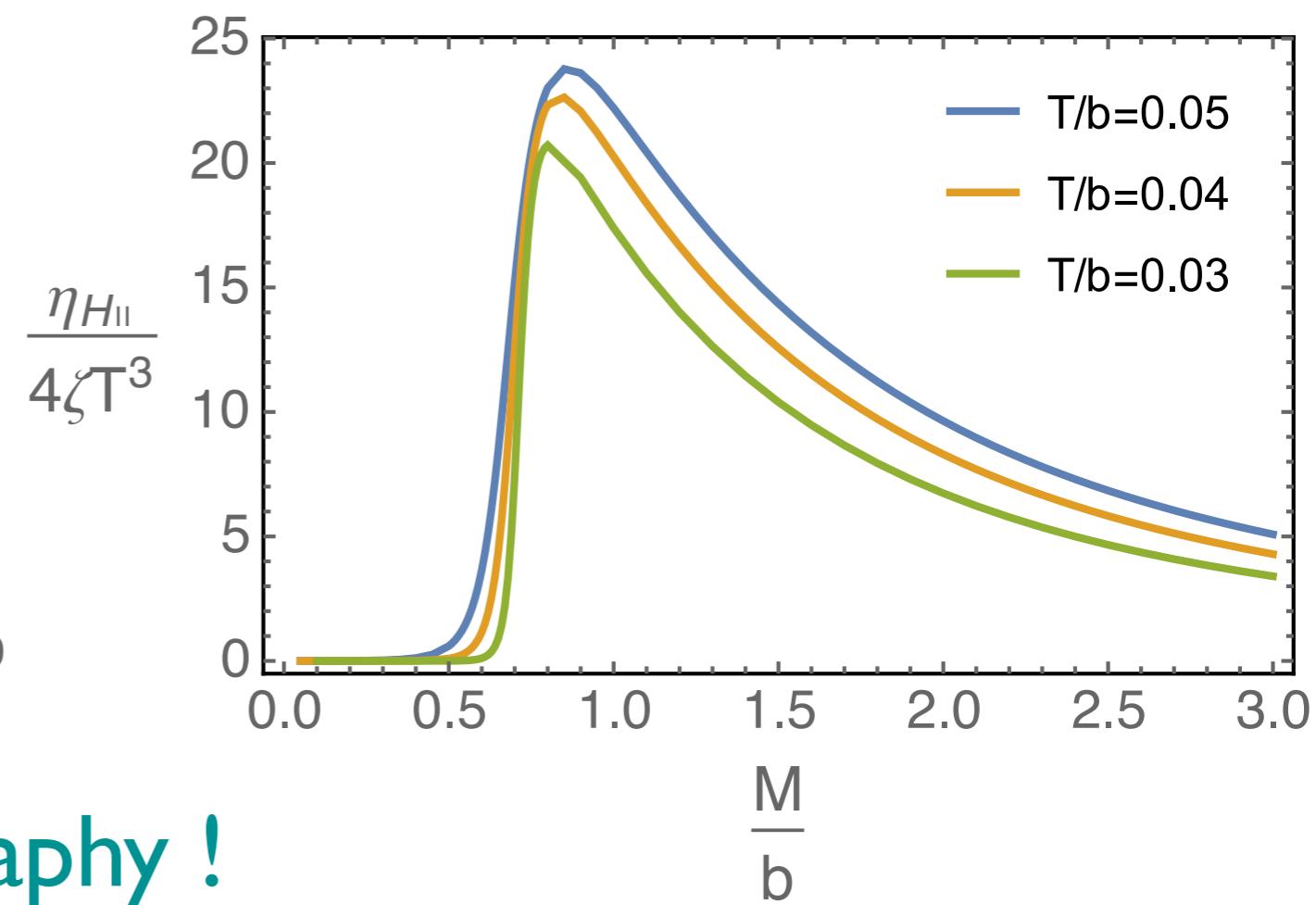
# Odd viscosity

- Odd viscosities by adding gravitational anomaly term
- Probe IR region of geometry: Low T

*transverse*



*parallel*



- Prediction from Holography !
- Again: gravitational Anomaly at first order !

# Summary

- Holography is efficient discovery tool for transport
- Fate of anomalous transport under symmetry breaking
- New questions:
  - What is the extrinsic curvature in field theory?
  - Anomalous transport far from equilibrium (QGP)
  - Odd viscosity and grav. anomaly?